

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 26-Sept-2014 Revision Date 26-Aug-2015 Version 2

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name SILICONE SPRAY

Other means of identification

 SDS#
 027

 UN/ID No
 UN1950

 Product Code
 0304

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Dry lubricant and release agent

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address Lang Dental Mfg. Co., Inc.

175 Messner Dr. Wheeling, IL 60090

USA

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 847-215-6622

Emergency Telephone (INFOTRAC) 352-323-3500 (International)

800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity (fertility, the unborn child)	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3 narcotic effects
Aspiration hazard	Category 1

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child



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Precautionary Statements – Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P211 Do not spray near or on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing gas.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Precautionary Statements - Response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P312 Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists, get medical advice / attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 50°C / 122°F.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight - %	Trade Secret
Acetone	67-64-1	20 - 40	*
Butane	106-97-8	20 - 40	*
Propane	74-98-6	20 - 40	*
n-Heptane	142-82-5	2.5-10	*
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8	2.5-10	*
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	1-2.5	*
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0.1-1	*
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-1	*

Other components below reportable levels

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER

or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact Rinse skin with water/shower.

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^{*}Specific CAS No and chemical weight have been withheld as a trade secret.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting

occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may

include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause

headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation.

Symptoms may be delayed.

General Advice Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before use. Ensure that

medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable: Water fog, dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable: Water jet (will spread the fire)

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous t health may be formed.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all

ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering

them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Environmental Manager must be

informed of all major releases.

Methods and material for containment and clean-up

Method for containment Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if

you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable.

Method for clean-up Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly to

remove residual contamination.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Do not handle near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing fumes, gas, mist, vapors or sprays. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not re-use empty containers. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10.)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. OSHA Table z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910-1000)

Chemical Name	OSHA PEL
Acetone	2400 mg/m ³
67-64-1	1000 ppm
Cyclohexane	1050 mg/m ³
110-82-7	300 ppm
n-Heptane	2000 mg/m ³
142-82-5	500 ppm
n-Hexane	1800 mg/m ³
110-54-3	500 ppm
Propane	1000 ppm
74-98-6	1800 mg/m ³

U.S. OSHA Table z-2 (29 CFR 1910-1000)

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA
Toluene	Ceiling 300 ppm
108-88-3	TWA 200 ppm

ACGIH

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	TWA 400 ppm
64742-89-8	

U.S, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV
Acetone	STEL 750 ppm
67-64-1	TWA 500 PPM
Butane	STEL 1000 ppm
106-97-8	
Cyclohexane	100 ppm
110-82-7	

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n-Heptane 142-82-5	STEL 500 ppm TWA 400pm
n-Hexane 110-54-3	TWA 50 ppm
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA 20 ppm

U.S. NIOSH

Chemical Name	NIOSH
Acetone	590 mg/m ³
67-64-1	250 ppm
Butane	1900 mg/m ³
106-97-8	800 ppm
Cyclohexane	1050 mg/m ³
110-82-7	300 ppm
n-Heptane	1800 mg/m ³
142-82-5	440 ppm
	350 mg/m ³
	85 ppm
n-Hexane	180 mg/m ³
110-54-3	50 ppm
Propane	1800 mg/m ³
74-98-6	1000 ppm
Toluene	560 mg/m ³
108-88-3	150 ppm
	375 mg/m ³
	100 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear protective gloves.

Respiratory protection None required if good ventilation is maintained. If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits

(Section 11), use NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure. If permissible levels are exceeded, use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Aerosol	Odor	Not available
Appearance	Compressed liquefied gas	Odor threshold	Not determined
Color	Colorless		

PropertyValuesRemarks / MethodFlash point-104.44°C / -156°FPropellant estimatedAutoignition232.86°C / 451.14°F

Vapor pressure50 - 70 psig@ $21.1^{\circ}\text{C} / 70^{\circ}\text{F}$, estimatedSpecific gravity0.759 - 0.769Estimated; water = 1

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions

<u>Possibility of hazardous reactions</u> Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames, sparks and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with

incompatible materials.

<u>Incompatible materials</u> Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.

<u>Hazardous decomposition products</u> None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposures

Product information

Ingestion Smallest quantities reaching the lungs through swallowing or subsequent vomiting may result in lung edema

or pneumonia. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Narcotic effects. Prolonged

Inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation; not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Component information

Chemical Name	ORAL LD50	DERMAL LD50	INHALATION LC50
Acetone	5800 mg/kg (rat)	> 7426 mg/kg, 24 h (guinea	55700 ppm, 3 h (rat)
67-64-1	2.2 ml/kg	pig)	132 mg/l, 3 h
		> 9.4 mg/kg, 24 h	50.1 mg/l
		> 7426 mg/kg, 24 h	
		> 9.4 mg/kg, 24 h	
Butane	-	-	1237 mg/l (mouse) 120 min
106-97-8			52%, 120mins
			1355 mg/l (rat)
Cyclohexane		> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	>32880 mg/m3, 4 h (rat)
110-82-7			>5540 ppm, 4 h (rat)
n-Heptane		> 2000 mg/kg 24 h(rabbit)	>29.29 mg/l, 4 h (rat)
142-82-5			5 · · · · ,
n-Hexane	24 ml/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg 4 h(rabbit)	>5000 ppm, 24 h (rat)
110-54-3	24 g/kg	>5 ml/kg, 4 h	>31.86 mg/l
	49 g/kg	3 .	73860 ppm, 4 h
Propane	-		1237 mg/L (mouse) 120 mins
74-98-6			52%, 120 mins
			1355 mg/l (rat)
			658 mg/l/4h [′]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	> 4820 mg/kg (rat)	>1900 mg/kg 24 h (rabbit)	>5020 mg/m3, 4 h (rat)
light aliphatic			>4980 mg/m3
64742-89-8			>4980 mg/m3, 4 h
			>4.96 mg/l, 4 h
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg 24 h (rabbit)	6405-7436 ppm, 6 h (mouse)
108-88-3			5320 ppm, 8 h
			5879-6281 ppm, 6 h
			> 5.2 mg/L (rat) 4 h
			12.5-28.8 mg/l. 4 h

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Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Aspiration from swallowing or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death. Causes

serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause central nervous system effects, Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

fatigue, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. Expected to be a low hazard for usual

industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at >0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

Specific target organ toxicity

Single exposure Narcotic effects
Repeated exposure Not classified

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

Component information

Chemical Name	Algae / aquatic	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
Acetone 67-64-1	plants -	4740-6330 mg/l, 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss LC50	microorganisms EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	21.6-23.9 mg/L: 48 h Daphnia magna EC50
Cyclohexane 110-82-7		23.30-42.07 mg/l, 96 h Pimephales promelas LC50		
n-Heptane 142-82-5		375 mg/l, 96 h Tilapia mossambica LC50		
n-Hexane 110-54-3		2.101-2.981 mg/l, 96 h Pimephales promelas LC50		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic 64742-89-8	4700 mg/L: 72 h Algae IC50	-		-
Toluene 108-88-3	433.0001 mg/L, 72 h Algae IC50	8.11 mg/l, 96 h Oncorhynchus kisutch LC50		7.645 mg/L, 48 h Daphnia EC50 5.46-9.83 mg/l, 48 h Daphnia Magna EC50

Persistence and degradability Not determined

Bioaccumulation potential No data available

Mobility in soil No data available

Chemical Name	CAS No	Partition coefficient
Acetone	67-64-1	-0.24
Butane	106-97-8	2.89

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Cyclohexane	110-82-7	3.44
N-heptane	142.82-5	4.66
N-hexane	110-54-3	3.9
Propane	74-98-6	2.36
Toluene	108-88-3	2.73

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastesDispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

Dispose of this material and its sealed container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Pressurized container: Do not

pierce or burn, even after use. Empty container fully, including gas pressure. Emptied containers

may retain product residue.

US EPA Waste Number Should be assigned in discussion with the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Chemical Name	CAS No	RCRA – U Series Wastes	
Acetone	67-64-1	U002	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	U056	
Toluene	108-88-3	U220	

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT

UN / ID No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class	2.1

IATA

UN / ID No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class	2.1
Environmental hazards	Yes

IMDG

UN / ID No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class	2.1
Marine pollutant	Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA	Listed	United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory	
DSL	Listed	Canadian Domestic Substances List	
EINECS	CS Listed European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances		
AICS	Listed	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances	
IECSC	Listed	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	
ENCS	Listed	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)	
KECL	Listed	Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances List	
	Listed	New Zealand Inventory	

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PICCS Listed Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA Hazard Categories Immediate hazard Yes

Delayed hazard Yes
Fire hazard Yes
Pressure hazard Yes
Reactivity hazard No

US State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act	Pennsylvania RTK-Hazardous Substance
Propane 74-98-6	X	X
Butane 106-97-8	Х	X
Acetone 67-64-1	-	X

California Proposition 65 – Warning: This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Personal Protection
	1	4	0	Not determined

Issue Date 26-Sept-2014 **Revision Date** 26-Aug-2015

Revision Note Section 2 – Add hazard and precautionary codes, rephrase hazard statements; add environmental information; Section 3

Add hazardous components; Section 4 – Rephrase first aid measures; Section 8 – Add chemicals and resort Exposure guidelines; Section 9 – Add Autoignition, change Specific Gravity; Section 10 – Rephrase each topic; Section 11 – Change Information on routes of exposures, add Component information, information on toxicological effects; Section 12

- Change in component information.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release. It is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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